WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A nanostructure fabrication method, comprising:
- forming on a substrate a film including a vector polymer comprising a payload moiety;
- 4 patterning the film; and
- removing organic components of the patterned film to form a payloadcomprising nanoparticle.
- 1 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the vector polymer comprises a number of repeat units each comprising the payload moiety.
- The method of claim 2, wherein the payload moiety includes at least one semiconductor atom.
- 1 4. The method of claim 2, wherein the payload moiety includes at least 2 one metal atom.
- 5. The method of claim 4, wherein the payload moiety includes at least one iron atom.
- 1 6. The method of claim 5, wherein the vector polymer is one of a poly(vinyl ferrocene), a poly (iron III acrylate), and an iron-comprising diblock polymer.
- 7. The method of claim 1, wherein the film includes the vector polymer and a polymer binder.
- 1 8. The method of claim 7, wherein the polymer binder contains ligands 2 attracted to the payload moiety.
- 9. The method of claim 7, wherein the vector polymer includes polyvinyl ferrocene.
- 1 10. The method of claim 9, wherein the polymer binder includes one of 2 poly(dimethylglutarimide) (PMGI), poly(ethylenimine), poly (vinyl pyridine), poly 3 (vinyl alcohol), poly (ethylene/acrylic acid), poly (acrylic acid) and its sodium

- 4 salt, poly (maleic acid), poly(dimethylglutarimide), polyamic acid, poly (methyl
- 5 methacrylate acid), poly (ethylene glycol), poly(propylene glycol),
- 6 poly(dialkylsiloxane), polysilane, silsesquioxane, and an aluminum-comprising
- 7 gel.
- 1 11. The method of claim 7, wherein the vector polymer is polystyrene-
- b-iron-complexed poly(vinyl pyridime) and the polymer binder is polystyrene.
- 1 12. The method of claim 7, wherein the vector polymer is polymethyl
- 2 methacrylate-b-poly (iron III acrylate) and the polymer binder is polymethyl
- 3 methacrylate.
- 1 13. The method of claim 7, wherein the forming comprises spin-casting
- 2 onto the substrate a mixture comprising the vector polymer and the polymer
- 3 binder in a casting liquid.
- 1 14. The method of claim 1, wherein the vector polymer is a diblock
- 2 polymer A-B, where A includes multiple repeat units each comprising the payload
- moiety, and B includes multiple repeat units each comprising C, H, N, and O
- 4 atoms.
- 1 15. The method of claim 14, wherein the repeat units of B each further
- 2 includes at least one of a silicon moiety and an aluminum moiety.
- 1 16. The method of claim 1, wherein the film is formed on the substrate
- with a thickness less than 120 nm.
- 1 17. The method of claim 1, wherein patterning the film comprises
- 2 applying a photoresist over the film, patterning the photoresist, and transferring
- 3 the photoresist pattern to the film.
- 1 18. The method of claim 17, further comprising forming a barrier layer
- between the photoresist and the film.

- 1 19. The method of claim 1, further comprising reflowing the patterned 2 film by heating the patterned film to a temperature above a glass transition 3 temperature of a component of the patterned film.
- 1 20. The method of claim 1, wherein removing organic components 2 comprises removing at least one organic moiety of the patterned film.
- 1 21. The method of claim 20, wherein at least one organic moiety is removed by oxidation.
- 1 22. The method of claim 1, wherein removing organic components 2 comprises converting the payload moiety from a metal species into a salt.
- 1 23. The method of claim 1, wherein removing organic components 2 comprises converting the payload moiety into a non-volatile oxide.
- 1 24. The method of claim 1, further comprising forming at least one carbon nanotube at the payload-comprising particle.
- 1 25. A nanostructure fabrication method, comprising:
 - forming on a substrate a film including a vector polymer comprising a one or more types of repeat units, at least one of the repeat unit types contains a payload moiety;
- 5 patterning the film; and

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- removing organic components of the patterned film to form respective nanoparticles comprising an average number of payload-moiety-comprising components substantially equal to the number of payload-moiety-comprising repeat units in the vector polymer.
 - 26. Apparatus, comprising:
- a set of substantially identical substrates;
- at least one reference feature disposed on each substrate; and
- at least one nanoparticle disposed on each substrate,
- wherein the nanoparticles have an average size of at most 10 nm and are
- 6 positioned relative to respective reference features on corresponding substrates

- 7 within a range of distances distributed with a standard deviation of at most 0.1
- $8 \mu m.$
- 1 27. The apparatus of claim 26, wherein the nanoparticles have an
- 2 average size of at most 3 nm.
- 1 28. The apparatus of claim 26, further comprising a respective carbon
- 2 nanotube extending from a nanoparticle of each substrate.